

## NHQ x1x

### Precision NIM High Voltage Supply NHQ LOW COST series

## Operator Manual

#### 1. General information

#### 2. Technical Data

#### 3. Handling

#### 4. Pin assignment analogue I/O

#### Appendix A: Rotary switch locations

### **Attention!**

-It is not allowed to use the unit if the covers have been removed.

-We decline all responsibility for damages and injuries caused by an improper use of the module. It is highly recommended to read the operators manual before any kind of operation.

### **Note**

The information in this manual is subject to change without notice. We take no responsibility whatsoever for any error in the document. We reserve the right to make changes in the product design without reservation and without notification to the users.

Filename NHQx1x\_eng.\_\_\_\_; version 2.01 as of 98-03-30

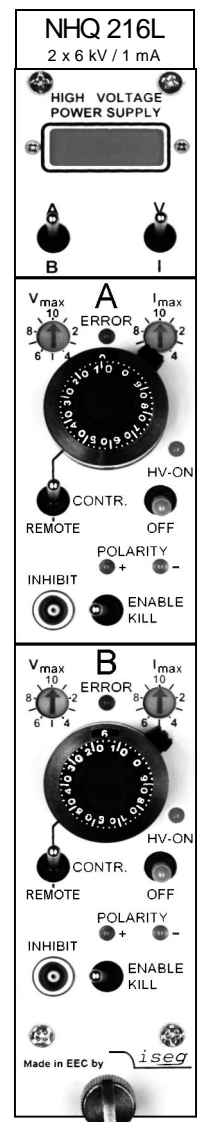
## 1. General information

The LOW COST NHQ's are one or two channels high voltage supplies in a NIM chassis, one slot wide. The unit offers manual control and operation via analogue set- and monitor-voltages.

The high voltage supplies special provide high precision output voltage together with very low ripple and noise, even under full load. Separate 10%-steps hardware switches put voltage and current limits. An INHIBIT input protects connected sensitive devices. The high voltage outputs protected against overload and short circuit. The output polarity can be switched over.

## 2. Technical Data:

One channel HV-PS	NHQ	112M	113M	114M	115M	116L
Two channel HV-PS	NHQ	212M	213M	214M	215M	216L
Output voltage $V_O$ [kV]		0 to 2	0 to 3	0 to 4	0 to 5	0 to 6
Output current per channel $I_O$ [mA]		0 to 6	0 to 4	0 to 3	0 to 2	0 to 1
		with <b>option _104</b> : only 100 $\mu$ A				
Stability	$\Delta V_O$	$< 2 * 10^{-4}$ (no load to load)				
	$\Delta V_O / \Delta V_{IN}$	$< 5 * 10^{-5}$				
Temperature coefficient		$< 1 * 10^{-4}$ /K				
Ripple		$< 50$ mV <sub>P-P</sub>				
LCD Display		4 digits with sign, switch controlled -voltage display in [V] -current display in [ $\mu$ A]				
Resolution of current measurement		1 $\mu$ A				
Resolution of voltage measurement		1 V				
Accuracy	current	$\pm (0,05\% I_O + 0,02\% I_{Omax} + 1 \text{ digit})$ (for one year)				
	voltage	$\pm (0,05\% V_O + 0,02\% V_{Omax} + 1 \text{ digit})$ (for one year)				
Voltage control	CONTROL switch in	upper position:	10-turn potentiometer			
		lower position: (REMOTE)	control via analogue set- and monitor-voltages			
		NHQ x12 - x14:	$V_{SET/MON} = V_{OUT} / 400$			
		NHQ x15 - x16:	$V_{SET/MON} = V_{OUT} / 1000$			
Rate of change of output voltage		hardware ramp:	500 V/s (at HV-ON/ -OFF)			
Protection		- separate current and voltage limit (hardware, rotary switch in 10%-steps) - INHIBIT (ext. signal, TTL-level, Low = active $\Rightarrow V_{OUT} = 0$ )				
Power requirements $V_{IN}$		$\pm 24$ V (< 800 mA; one channel < 400 mA) $\pm 6$ V (< 100 mA), with <b>option N24</b> only $\pm 24$ V				
Packing		NIM Standard module: NIM 1/12				
Connector		NIM: 5-pin connector, HV: SHV connector Set and Monitor: 9-pin female D-Sub connector INHIBIT: 1-pin Lemo				
Operating temperature		0 ... +50 °C				
Storage temperature		-20 ... +60 °C				



### 3. Handling

The state of readiness of the unit is produced at the NIM connector, the 9 pin female D-Sub connector and the HV-output on the flipside.

The Output polarity is selectable with help of a rotary switch on the cover side (see appendix A). The chosen polarity is displayed by a LED on the front panel and a sign on the LCD display.

**Attention!** It is not allowed to change the polarity under power!

An undefined switch setting (not at one of the end positions) will cause no output voltage.

High voltage output is switched on with HV-ON switch at the front panel. The viability is signalled by the yellow LED.

**Attention!** If the CONTROL switch is in upper position (manual control), high voltage is generated at HV-output on the flip side with a ramp speed from 500 V/s (hardware ramp) to the set voltage chosen via 10-turn potentiometer.  
This is also the case, if remote control is switched over to manual control while operating.

If the CONTROL switch is in lower position (DAC), high voltage will be activated only corresponding to the analogue set voltage  $V_{SET}$ .

On the LCD output voltage in [V] or output current in [ $\mu$ A] will be displayed depending on the position of the Measuring switch.

For the two channel units, one can choose with Channel switch, if channel (A) or channel (B) is displayed.

The actual voltage will be control with the corresponding monitor voltage  $V_{MON}$ .

If working with manual control, output voltage can be set via 10-turn potentiometer in a range from 0 to the set maximal voltage.

Maximum output voltage and current can be selected in 10%-steps with the rotary switches  $V_{max}$  and  $I_{max}$  (switch dialled to 10 corresponds to 100%). The output voltage or current which exceed the limits is signalled by the red error LED on the front panel.

Function of the KILL switch:

Switch to the right position: (ENABLE KILL) The output voltage will be shut off permanently without ramp on exceeding  $I_{max}$  or in the presence of an INHIBIT signal (LOW=active) at the INHIBIT input. Restoring the output voltage is possible after operating the switches HV-ON or KILL.

Note: When capacitance is effective at the HV-output or when the rate of change of output voltage is high (hardware ramp) at high load, then the KILL function will be released by the current charging the condenser. In this case use a small rate of output change (software ramp) or select ENABLE KILL not until output voltage is set voltage.

Switch to the left position: (DISABLE KILL) The output voltage will be limited to  $V_{max}$ , output current to  $I_{max}$  respectively; INHIBIT shuts the output voltage off without ramp, the previous voltage setting will be restored with hardware ramp on INHIBIT no longer being present.

#### 4. Pin assignment analog I/O

Table 1:

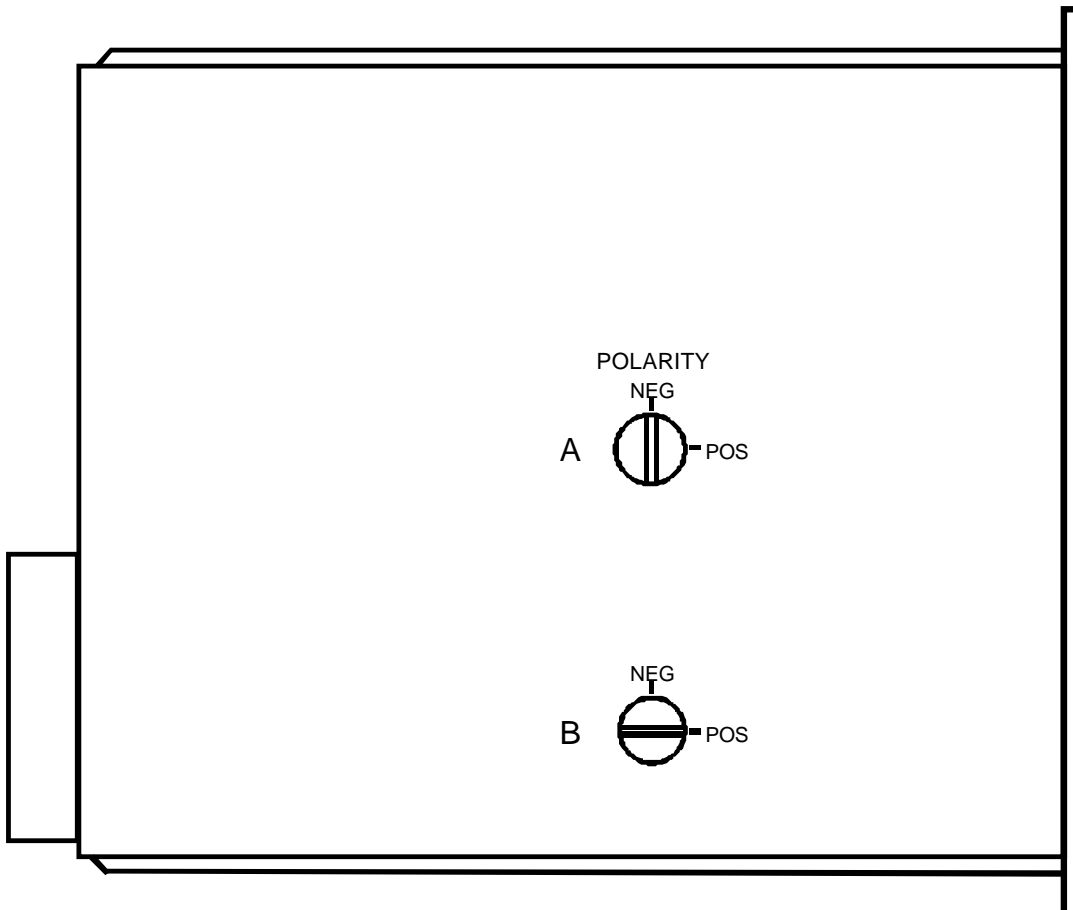
Signal pin assignment

9-pin female

D-Sub connector

on the flip side

Signal	HV-supply DSUB9
$V_{SET} - A$	1
	2
$V_{MON} - A$	3
	4
GND	5
	6
$V_{SET} - B$	7
	8
$V_{MON} - B$	9



**Appendix A:**

NHQ side cover,

Polarity rotary switch

e.g.:

channel A, polarity negative  
channel B, polarity positive